**Odin TeleSystems Inc.** 



# OTX Driver Installation Guide (for OTX PCI, PCIe, PCMCIA, and ExpressCard Adapters)

Doc. No. 1512-1-HCA-1001-1

# Rev. 1.5

June 21, 2010



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# 1 Abstract

This document describes how to:

- Install an OTX PCI / PCI-Express (PCIe) / PCMCIA (PC Card) / ExpressCard/54 Adapters into a PC
- Install the OTX Generic Hardware Driver for the OTX Adapter

*NOTE:* Current version of OTX Driver is 2.42.1 ("OtxDrv2.42.1.0Wdm" for Windows and "OtxDrv2.42.1.0Linux.tar" for Linux operating systems). You can download the latest version of OTX Driver at <u>Odin TeleSystems Support Web Site</u>

The OTX PCIe cards are plug-and-play compliant adapters allowing PCs and other PCI-Express based systems to be connected to a variety network interfaces. Examples of OTX PCI-Express Adapters are:

- Gimle-16-PCIe: 16 T1/E1 Probe Adapter
- Alvis-PCIe: PCIe DSP Resource Board
- Godar-2-PCIe: 168 T1/126 E1 framers OC-3/STM-1 Board

The OTX ExpressCards are hot swappable and plug-and-play compliant adapters allowing laptops and other mobile devices to be connected to a variety a network interfaces. Examples of OTX ExpressCard Adapters are:

- Thor-2-ExpressCard: Dual T1/E1 ExpressCard Adapter
- Thor-4-ExpressCard: 4 T1/E1 ExpressCard Adapter

The OTX PCI cards are plug-and-play compliant adapters allowing PCs and other PCI based systems to be connected to a variety network interfaces. Examples of OTX PCI Adapters are:

- Thor-8-PCI-Plus-2.0: Eight Access T1/E1 Adapter
- Arni-6x6-PCI-Plus: 8 FXO + 8 FXS Analog Phone Adapter
- Gimle-16-PCI-Plus: 16 T1/E1 Probe Adapter
- Vidar-5x16-PCI: PCI DSP Resource Board
- Sleipnir-1-PCI-Plus: Single T1/E1 Probe Adapter

The OTX PCMCIA cards are hot swappable and plug-and-play compliant credit-card sized adapters allowing laptops and other mobile devices to be connected to a variety network interfaces. Examples of OTX PCMCIA Adapters are:

- Thor-2-PCMCIA: Dual T1/E1 PCMCIA Adapter
- Balder-2S-PCMCIA: Dual BRI S/T-Interface PCMCIA Adapter



# 2 System Requirements

It is recommended that the OTX PCI / PCI-Express / PCMCIA / ExpressCard adapter is used in a system satisfying the following requirements:

- Free PCI / PCI-Express / PCMCIA Release 2.1 / Express-Card/54 slot
- Pentium III, or later processor
- Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows 2003 Server, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, Windows 7, or Linux operating system

# **3** Hardware Installation

#### **3.1 Handling Instructions**

The OTX PCI / PCI-Express / PCMCIA / ExpressCard card has been packaged in a sealed anti-static bag for protection during shipping and handling. Always remember to follow precautions regarding handling of electrical equipment while installing the card into a PCI / PCI-Express / PCMCIA / ExpressCard slot. Be aware of the possibility of damage to the sensitive electrical devices from static electricity discharge.

*NOTE:* Before inslalling PCI / PCIe adapter into the PCI / PCIe slot, turn off the power on the PC.

Please wear anti-static protection devices such as a ground strap connected to a grounded equipment frame while handling the OTX PCI / PCI-Express / PCMCIA / ExpressCard adapter. Never bend the card and never use force when installing and removing the card to and from a PCI / PCI-Express / PCMCIA / ExpressCard slot.

After the card has been inserted into a PCI / PCI-Express / PCMCIA / ExpressCard slot, please continue with the driver installation.

*NOTE:* Do not remove PCMCIA / ExpressCard adapters after the "Found New Hardware" message and before the OTX Driver installation.

The OTX Driver installation procedure is explained in the following chapter.



# 4 OTX Driver for Windows® Based Systems

The list of the supported operating systems is represented below:

- Windows 2000
- Windows XP
- Windows 2003 Server
- Windows Vista
- Windows Server 2008
- Windows 7

These operating systems support the Plug-and-Play (PnP) standard and the Windows Driver Model (WDM).

A Plug-and-Play compliant system automatically assigns the card the resources it required (I/O address space, memory address space, and IRQ) and configured the card accordingly. This makes the OTX Driver installation an especially easy process regardless of the system the card is used in.

The Windows Driver Model is a generic driver model that is supported by a number of Window Operating Systems ranging from Windows 2000 to Windows 7.

#### 4.1 Distribution

The OTX Driver for Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows 2003 Server, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, and Windows 7 distribution consists of three files:

File	Description
OtxDrv.sys	Windows Drivel Model (WDM) Driver
OtxHwDll.dll	Windows Dynamic Linked Library containing the API functions for the OTX HW SDK
OtxDrv.inf	Windows Installation Script file

 Table 1 The OTX Driver for Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows 2003 Server, Windows

 Vista, Windows Server 2008, and Windows 7 Distribution.

The latest OTX Driver distribution for Windows systems available at <u>http://odints.com/pages/support/drivers/otx/winmain.htm</u>.

#### 4.2 Installation

**NOTE:** Before installing the OTX Driver, please disable BIOS setting like HW Prefetcher, Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch, and C1 Enhanced Mode. To disable these settings, go to BIOS Setup when prompted at boot-time, select Advanced Settings -> CPU and set HW Prefetcher, Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch, C1E Support to Disabled. Please note that the BIOS settings vary from system to system and that all of these settings might not be available in on your particular system.



After the OTX PCI / PCI-Express / PCMCIA / ExpressCard adapter has been added to a system for the first time, the operating system will detect that new hardware has been added, and will display the "Found New Hardware Wizard" to the user, as shown in Figure 1.



Figure 1 Found New Hardware Wizard.

This document uses Gimle-16-PCIe board as an example. However, the installation procedure is the same for all of the OTX PCI / PCI-Express / PCMCIA / ExpessCard adapters.

The actual dialogs displayed to the user may vary between different versions of Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows 2003 Server, Windows Vista, Windows Server 2008, and Windows 7. However, the essence of the installation procedure is always the same as demonstrated in the example in the chapter.

Windows 2000 operating system will ask whether you want to search for the best driver or whether you want the system to display all the drivers available. In these operating systems select the recommended search option to let the operating system automatically find the best and the latest driver for the card.

In Windows 2003 Server and Windows XP the first dialog for the Add New Hardware Wizard ask you if you want to connect to Windows Update to search for software. You should choose the "No, not at this time" option (See Figure 1). Then you click "Next" button and on the second dialog you choose "Install from a list or specific location (Advanced)" (See Figure 2).





Figure 2 Driver search options.

The next dialog presented to the user the operating system will ask for the search path for the driver. If you have received the OTX Hardware Driver on an installation disk, insert the disk into the CD drive and specify the appropriate drive letter in the dialog shown in Figure 3 (or similar dialog). If you have downloaded the driver from the internet, please specify the location (folder) where you have downloaded and unpacked the driver files.

Please cho	ose your search and installation options.
💿 S earc	h for the best driver in these locations.
U se ti paths	ne check boxes below to limit or expand the default search, which includes local and removable media. The best driver found will be installed.
	Search removable media (floppy, CD-ROM)
	Include this location in the search:
	C:\Distr\OtxDrv2.42.1.0W/dm Browse
🔿 Don't	search. I will choose the driver to install.
Choo: the dr	se this option to select the device driver from a list. Windows does not guarantee iver you choose will be the best match for your hardware.
	<pre></pre>

Figure 3 Specifying the search path for the OTX Driver.

Once the search path for the driver has been provided to the operating system, click "Next" button and Windows will install the driver to you system, as shown in Figure 4 (or similar dialog).





Figure 4 Installing the OTX Driver.

The driver file (OtxDrv.sys) will be copied to the Windows SYSTEM32\DRIVERS directory, the dynamic link library file (OtxHwDll.dll) will be copied to the Windows SYSTEM32 directory, and the system registry will be updated so that the system will from now on automatically use the OTX Driver for the OTX PCIe adapter. Once you see the dialog shown in Figure 5, congratulations are in order. You have successfully installed the driver for your OTX PCI-Express adapter.



Figure 5 Installation completed.

### **4.3 Querying Driver Information**

Once both the OTX Driver has been installed and OTX PCIe card has been inserted in a PCIe slot, the card will be listed in under the Windows Device Manager (as shown in Figure 6). The device manager can be started through the System Applet in the Windows Control Panel.





Figure 6 Installed OTX Telecom Adapters are listed as their own device type in the Windows Device Manager.

By highlighting the OTX PCI-Express adapter and by clicking the "Property" button, the user can retrieve useful information on the adapter and the driver. Under the "General" tab Windows will show the device status (See Figure 7). The device status will indicate whether the card and the driver are functioning properly.

eneral Drive	e <b>1.0 Pro</b> p ar Details	Resources
Giml	e-16-PCle 1.	0
Dev	ice type:	Otx Telecom Adapter
Man	ufacturer:	Odin Telesystems Inc.
Loca	ation:	PCI Slot 32 (PCI bus 2, device 4, function 0)
- Device state	us	
I DIS DEVICE	IS WORKING P	propeny.
If you are h start the tro	aving proble ubleshooter.	ms with this device, click Troubleshoot to
If you are h start the tro	aving proble ubleshooter.	ms with this device, click Troubleshoot to
If you are h start the tro Device usage	aving proble ubleshooter.	ms with this device, click Troubleshoot to
If you are h start the tro Device usage Use this devi	aving proble ubleshooter. : : :ce (enable)	ms with this device, click Troubleshoot to

Figure 7 Checking the status of the OTX Adapter and the OTX Driver.

By clicking the "Driver" tab and the "Driver File Details" button, one can verify the revision of the currently installed driver, as demonstrated in Figure 8 and Figure 9.



Gimle-16-PCI	e 1.0	Verify that Driver
Driver Provid Driver Date: Driver Versio Digital Signe	er: O din Telesystems Inc. 3/5/2010 n: 2.42.1.0 : Not digitally signed	Version correspond to the installed one.
Driver Details	To view details about the driver files.	
Update Driver	To update the driver for this device.	
Roll Back Driver	If the device fails after updating the driver, roll back to the previously installed driver.	
	The surface tell the subject (Address and J)	

Figure 8 Checking driver information.

Gimle-16-PCle 1.0 Pro	perties		? 🔀
General Driver Details	Resources		
Gimle-16-PCle 1	1.0		
Driver Provider: Driver Date: Driver Version:	Odin Telesyste 3/5/2010 2.421.0	ms Inc.	
Digital Signer:	Not digitally sig	ined	
Driver Details	To view details al	bout the driver files.	
Update Driver Roll Back Driver	Driver File De	tails 16-PCle 1.0	?×
Uninstall	Driver files: C:WINDO C:WINDO C:WINDO	<mark>WS\System32/Drivers\Dtx</mark> WS\system32\drivers\Dtxl WS\system32\DtxHwDILdl	Drv. sys Drv. sys I
	Provider: File version: Copyright: Digital Signer:	Odin TeleSystems Inc. 2.42.1.0 © 1999-2001 Odin TeleS Not digitally signed	iystems Inc.
			ОК

Figure 9 Checking the Revision of the installed driver.



See the OTX Adapter hardware details at the "Details" tab of the "Properties" window (See Figure 10).

Gimle -16 -PC le 1.0 Properties	? 🗙
General Driver Details Resources	
Gimle-16-PCle 1.0	
Device Instance Id	~
PCI/VEN_14C9&DEV_0440&SUBSYS_042014C9&REV_01\5&3A21	570E

Figure 10 The OTX Adapter details.

The "Resources" tab can be used to display the resources (I/O address space, memory address space, IRQ) occupied by the OTX Adapter (See Figure 11). The resource tab will also display if resource conflicts exists with other installed hardware.

mle-16-PCle 1.0	Properties	?
ieneral Driver Det	ails Resources	
Gimle-16-PC	le 1.0	
Resource type	Setting	^
Memory Range	FEAFFE00 - FEAFFFFF EF00 - EFFF	
🛗 Memory Range	FE000000 · FE7FFFFF	~
Setting based on:		V
V	Use automatic settings	Change Setting
Conflicting device list:		
No conflicts.		~
		~
		OK. Cancel

Figure 11 Resources used by the OTX Adapter.

### 4.4 Replacing an Existing Driver with a Newer Version

To update an exiting driver with a newer revision, perform the following steps:

- 1. Start System Applet from the Windows Control Panel.
- 2. In Device Manager, view the properties of the appropriate OTX Adapter.
- 3. In "Properties" Dialog, select "Driver" tab and press the "Update Driver..." Button.



You will be presented the "Update Device Driver Wizard" (Figure 12). Follow the steps of the update wizard. The update process and the dialogs are similar to the ones demonstrated for the "Found New Hardware Wizard" in 4.2: "Installation".

Gimle-16-PCle 1.0 Proper	ties 🔹 💽	
General Driver Details Re	sources	
Gimle-16-PCle 1.0		
Driver Provider: 1 Driver Date: 2 Driver Version: 2 Digital Signer: 1 Driver Details To Update Driver To	Ddin Telesystems Inc. 3/5/2010 2.42.1.0 Not digitally signed view details about the driver files.	
Roll Back Driver Ha	rdware Update Wizard  Welcome to the Wizard  Windows Update Web Read our privacy policy  Can Windows connect to ' software?  Yes, this time only  Yes, now and every No, not this time  Click Next to continue.	e Hardware Update arrent and updated software by on the hardware installation CD, or on o site (with your permission). Windows Update to search for e time I connect a device
	< Bac	ck Next > Cancel

Figure 12 Updating an already installed driver.



# 5 Driver for Linux Based Systems

#### 5.1 Distribution

The OTX Driver for Linux consists of a set of precompiled libraries and source files. The source files are provided for functions that may be dependent on the Linux kernel revision. The source files can be modified to work with a specific Linux kernel version.

The OTX Linux Driver is built and tested on CentOS which is based on Red Hat Enterprise Linux.

The latest OTX Driver distribution for Linux systems available at <u>http://odints.com/pages/support/drivers/otx/linxmain.htm</u>.

#### 5.2 Building the Linux x86 systems Driver

Before the OTX Linux x86 systems Driver can be installed, it needs to be compiled and linked.

To build the OTX Linux x86 systems Driver, perform the following steps:

- 1. Decompress the OTX Linux Driver package into a working directory using a command:
  - tar -zxvf OtxDrv<version>Linux.tar.gz
- 2. In your working directory, run the following commands to build the OTX Linux x86 systems Driver:

clean make

3. The driver ("OtxDrv.ko") will produced in the directory:

Sys/OtxDriver/Linux/i386/uprel/2.6-ccx (x = 3 or 4)

*NOTE:* x = version of the GCC

The "BuildDrv.txt" file in OTX Linux x86 systems Driver package has more details on procedure of how to build OtxDrv and other useful information.



## 5.3 Installing the Linux x86 systems Driver

To install a driver you must be logged into your Linux system as root.

To install the driver, use command *insmod*:

/sbin/insmod ./Sys/OtxDriver/Linux/i386/uprel/2.6-ccx/OtxDrv.ko

To uninstall the driver, use command *rmmod*:

/sbin/rmmod OtxDrv.ko

Again, BuildDrv.txt in OTX Linux x86 systems Driver package has more information on installation and removal of driver.



# 6 Connecting Line Interfaces

#### 6.1 Thor / Gimle PCI / PCIe Connection

The line interfaces on the OTX PCI / PCIe adapters are typically connected to a Harmonica module, as illustrated in Figure 13. The harmonica module typically has several RJ-11 connectors for the external line interfaces, handsets, external synchronization clocks, and other resources.

For more information on the particular Harmonica module, please refer to the Technical Description for the specific board.



Figure 13 OTX PCI / PCIe Adapter external line interface connections.

#### 6.2 PCMCIA Cards Connection

The line interfaces on the OTX PCMCIA adapters are typically connected through dongles. The dongles contain the protection circuitry designed to protect the adapter and the PC from power surges and currency spikes possibly transported through the network interfaces. The dongles typically have one RJ-45 connector for the external line interface and one 15-pin I/O-connector for connecting to the board. A typical OTX PCMCIA configuration is shown in Figure 14.

For the specific details on the line interface connectors, please refer to the Technical Description document for the specific OTX PCMCIA Adapter.





Figure 14 Example of OTX PCMCIA external line interface connections.

#### 6.3 ExpressCard Connection

The line interfaces on the OTX ExpressCard adapters are connected through RJ-45 connectors located directly on the card. Please see Figure 15.

For the specific details on the line interface connectors, please refer to the Technical Description document for the specific OTX ExpressCard Adapter.



Figure 15 Example of OTX ExpressCard external link interface connections.



# 7 Testing the Functionality

After successful OTX Driver installation, please make a performance test to be sure the OTX Adapter is working well.

In this chapter we will use Thor-8-PCI-Plus board (connected with a harmonica) in E1 mode as an example. However, the test procedure is the same for all of the OTX PCI / PCI-Express / PCMCIA / ExpessCard Adapters.

**NOTE:** The OTX T1/E1 hardware connects to the T1/E1 spans via RJ45 connectors. These connectors are either placed directly on the back of the board (like in the case of Thor-2-ExpressCard and Sleipnir-1-PCI-Plus boards), or the connector is placed in a Harmonica (like in the case of the OTX PCI/PCIe boards) or dongle (like in the case of the OTX PCMCIA boards) that connects to the OTX board via an Odin supplied cable.

There are 2 ways to test the stability of OTX Adapter:

- Using the ThorDemo console demo application;
- Using the OTX T1/E1 Analyzer BASIC in a BERT testing mode (for Win32/64 only).

#### 7.1 Simple Test using ThorDemo

The Thor Demo program is running on all OTX-compatible adapters of Odin TeleSystems. This program is supplied in the OTX HW SDK package. To perform a simple test, please follow these steps:

1. Connect two E1 spans on a harmonica connected to Thor-8-PCI-Plus-2.0 board with a RJ45 Loop Cable. For example, plug Loop Cable between Li0 and Li1.

*NOTE*: The RJ-45 Loop Cable is included in the Thor-8-PCI-Plus-2.0 package.

- 2. Download the latest version of OTX Win32 SDK from <u>Odin TeleSystems</u> <u>Support Web Site</u>.
- 3. Unzip it.
- 4. Run the ThorDemo program with the following parameters (See Figure 16) to perform a diagnostic of the Thor-8-PCI-Plus board:

Demos\Thor2Pci\ThorDemo\W32\Release\ThorDemo.exe /TP /ME



🖾 Command Prompt	. 🗆 >
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600] (C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.	-
C:\Documents and Settings\vk>cd C:\Documents and Settings\vk\Desktop\OtxDrvSd 42.1.0Win32\Demos\Thor2Pci\ThorDemo\W32\Release	1 <b>k2</b> .
C:\Documents and Settings\vk\Desktop\OtxDrvSdk2.42.1.0Win32\Demos\Thor2Pci\Th emo\W32\Release>ThorDemo /TP /ME	orD

Figure 16 Run ThorDemo program on Thor-8-PCI-Plus-2.0 in E1 mode.

These parameters mean that we run demo on Thor-8-PCI-Plus board in E1 mode.

The arguments can be one of the following:

/T[T|E|4|P|S|H|I|C|R|D|K|X|Q|A] - Board Type used for the demo, where:

- **T** use Thor-2-PCI-Plus Board;
- **E** use Thor-2-PCI-Express Board;
- 4 use Thor-4-PCI-Plus Board;
- **P** use Thor-8-PCI-Plus Board;
- **S** use Sleipnir Board;
- 1 use Thor-1-PCI-Plus Board;
- C use Thor-2-ExpressCard Board;
- **R** use Thor-4-ExpressCard Board;
- **D** use Alvis-4-CSI board;
- K use Alvis-4M-CSI board;
- X use Alvis-8-CSI board;
- **Q** use Alvis-8M-CSI board;
- A use Alvis-DMP (hosted on ASM or PCIe).

/ME – use E1 Li mode; /MT – use T1 Li mode.

5. Input 'h' for getting help. The following window will appear (See Figure 17):



20(29)

Gmd	Synopsis
1	Display Help text
n	
Ч 01	Will Calest active Light this line is then used for subacquest commande
-1 -	Send a UDIC function the automatical automatic
C /F	Eachd Annachtan on the current hi
C/L	Sat Clack Source
5	Display the SC2 HDLC mercius status of the active Li
ň	Display the Status of both Lie
<b>Y</b>	Query Line Status of both Lis (extended)
a	Start/Ston Sending AIS (All 1's) on current Li
Ä	Start/Ston Sending Remote (Yellow) alarm on current Li
f	Force Resunchronization on both Lis
b	Reset Current HDLC Receiver
B	Reset Current E1T1 device
z	Set T1E1 Line Termination
Z	Toggle front end Amplifier ON or OFF for current Li
×	Set Line Build Out (T1 mode only)
8	Read receive equalizer status
J	Set Receive Input Threshold for current Li
p	Set Loopback mode
0	Buffer 10 HDLC frames to be transmitted, then Flush the HDLC Sender
g	Get current time
m/M	Enable/Disable Monitor mode
Ļ	Set HDLG Frame length to be transmitted
L	Measure 11/E1 span voltage for current L1
;	
	Set SST Frame filter
	Toggle Verbose nDLG reception (g_bmail@verbose=rNCE/
*	Set number of consecutive frame to be send from the HDLC Sender
S	Set time to sleen (in ms) between twansmitted HDLC Evames (A)
ě.	Customize transmit nulse shape for current Li
ė	Set idle nation to NAM (to facilitate nulse shape testing)
k/K	Turn Amp On/Off for current dongle (HMA-1079-2-1.0 dongle only)
F	Query line frequency of the current clock source
P	Report only significant Li status messages
	100 Founded to 100 Fill and Fill management of the second second fill and the second

#### Figure 17 ThorDemo Help.

6. To check the line status of Lis press 'l' (See Figure 18).

Line	status	of	Li	#0	is	OK		
Line	status	of	Li	#1	is	OK		
Line	status	of	Li	#2	is	DOWN		
Line	status	of	Li	#3	is	DOWN		
Line	status	of	Li	#4	is	DOWN		
Line	status	of	Li	#5	is	DOWN		
Line	status	of	Li	#6	is	DOWN		
Line	status	of	Li	#7	is	DOWN		

Figure 18 Line status (Li0-Li1 Loop Back).

In the normal situation, the Line status of both Li0 and Li1 should be "OK". Please move the Loop Back cable to Li2-Li3, ..., Li6-Li7 respectively. When you press 'l', you should see that the spans which have the Loop Back cable connected have a Line status of "OK", and all unconnected spans have a Line status of "DOWN". (See Figure 19)



Line	status	of	Li	#0	is	DOWN	
Line	status	of	Li	#1	is	DOWN	
Line	status	of	Li	#2	is	OK	
Line	status	of	Li	#3	is	OK	
Line	status	of	Li	#4	is	DOWN	
Line	status	of	Li	#5	is	DOWN	
Line	status	of	Li	#6	is	DOWN	
Line	status	of	Li	#7	is	DOWN	

-----



7. Move the Loop back cable back to Li0/Li1. Send an HDLC frame from Li0 by pressing 't' (See Figure 20).

If the frame is received without errors, you could see a received HDLC test message 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09. It means that E1/T1 Layer1 interface physics is working and the OTX Driver was installed properly.

Sending a HDLC frame from Li0
Sending 1 HDLC frame(s) from Li #0 (len=10)Done (BusyCount=0, time=0.0 secon ds). 06-02 11:54:35.428 1 HDLC Frame(s) Received, Sequence Number = 1 HdlcReceiver[1] Len=10, Fe=0x00, Sq=1: 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09
Received HDLC test message 00 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08 09

Figure 20 Sending HDLC frame.

# 7.2 Detailed Test using the OTX T1/E1 Analyzer in BERT Testing mode (for Win32/64 only)

- 1. Download <u>Trial version of T1/E1 Analyzer</u> from <u>Odin TeleSystems support</u> <u>Web Site</u>.
- 2. To install the OTX T1/E1 Analyzer run the "OTX T1/E1 Analyzer <version>.exe" file and follow the Setup Wizard steps. For more detailed information of T1/E1 Analyzer installation process please refer to the OTX T1/E1 Analyzer Installation Guide.

*NOTE:* Versions of the OtxDrv and OTX T1/E1 Analyzer should be compatible. If the versions do not match you will get a warning message of version mismatch.

3. In Figure 21 the "Thor-8-PCI-Plus (Board 0)" label is high-lighted (filled blue). This means that the active scope is at the Board level. To switch all of the Li's to E1 mode click the "E1" button on the toolbar.



Figure 21 Select E1 Mode.

 Select the board level as the scope of operations. Right button click on the board name and select "Properties..." menu item. On "Board Configurations" tab of the "T1/E1 Configuration" window set "Clock Source" option to "Master (internal)" (See Figure 22). Press "OK".







Point your attention on LED indicator color from the left of "Li#... (E1)" label. If the color is green, the line status is OK. If the color is red, the line status is DOWN (maybe because the cable is not connected or because of some other Layer1 related problems). If the LED color is yellow there is a Layer1 signal, but there are some problems with the configuration of Layer1. In this case you can right button click on line interface name and select "Line Status" menu item (See Figure 23).

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HOLE ANY ANY ANY ANY ANY ANY ANY ANY	· ☎ ▶   ⑧ ☎ ▶   <b>牀</b> 淋 牀 牀 牀
YELLOW         → YELLOW         → Thor-8-PCI-Plus (Board 0) / no DSP more         → 0	de / / DMA /         A       LFA       LMFA       BPV*         13       H 15       16       17       16       18       21       22       24       26       27       28       30       31         D       Condition       X       26       27       28       30       31         Alarm       a       27       28       30       31       32       28       30       31         Alarm       a       27       28       30       31       32       28       30       31         Alarm       a       27       28       30       31       32       28       30       31         Alarm       a       27       28       30       31       32       33       33         Alarm       a       27       28       30       31       36
→ 0 CVE CRC E	BIT         SLN         SLP         as 27 28 29 00 31           1         28         as 27 28 29 00 31
Frequency Li#6 TX Frequency TX Frequency TX Frequency 204800	
⊡ — — U#7 — — 0 — — 0 — — 0	Show History         Reset History         26 27 28 29 30 31

Figure 23 Line Status Condition.

 If both LED indicators (from the left of Li0 и Li1 in our example) are colored green, you can perform BERT testing. To do this set the "Li#0 (E1)" as the scope of operations and press "+BERT" icon on the toolbar ("Enable/Disable BERT." prompt) (See Figure 24).





Figure 24 Enable BERT.

 Click on the "BERT Setup" icon (icon with a "hammer") on the toolbar to setup all spans together. In a "BERT Testing" window set "Bit Pattern" option to "2^15-1 (CCITT)". Then press "TS Selection" button and "Select All" button in opened window. Press "OK" and "Save setup" (See Figure 25).

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Figure 25 Configure BERT.



- 7. Perform the same steps for "Li#1 (E1)".
- 8. Select the board level as the scope of operations. Press "BERT" button (button with green arrow, green "play symbol", and "Start BERT" prompt). You will see BERT statistics to the right of line interfaces. Wait a few seconds to synchronize both line interfaces.

If the titles from the right of line interfaces appear green after 2-4 seconds of running BERT, everything is OK (See Figure 26). Purple or red colors of titles indicate problems.



#### Figure 26 BERT Statistics.

9. Select the span level as the scope of operations. Without stopping BERT, click on the "BERT Setup" button (Figure 25). In the appeared window (Figure 27) pay attention to the Error Counters and the BERT progress indicator (marked with an arrow).



BER Testing (Sleipnir #0, Li# 0)			-# _ 🗆
Bit Pattern 2^20-1	BER Results Display Layer 1 SLIPs	0 Errored secor	ids 0
TS       Static pattern mode         Selection       Inverted pattern mode         Autodetect pattern         BER Logging            Error analyzing level following:         ITU-T G.821         ITU-T G.821         Controls         Start BERT         Start Test         Clear Errors	Errors Total Errors Current Error Rate Total Error Rate Errored Seconds Error Free Seconds %EFS Severely Errored Seconds %SES Degraded Minutes &Degraded Minutes Loss of Sync Count	Bit Errors         BPV           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           0         0           185         100.00%           0         0           0.00%         0           0.00%         0	CRC 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 185 100.00%
Elapsed Time 0:03:04 (hh:mm:ss) Line: AVAILABLE Sync: IN	Available Seconds %Available Seconds Unavailable Seconds Insert Single Error Periodical Error Injectio	185           100.00%           0           Insert Error           Insert BPV           on	
		Save setup	Close

#### Figure 27 BER Result Display.

For more detailed information on OTX T1/E1 Analyzer please refer to the OTX T1/E1 Analyzer User's Guide (Odin document # 1412-1-SAA-1011-1).

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## 8 References

- <u>API Reference Guide for the OTX Generic Hardware Driver</u> (Odin document # 1211-1-SDA-1006-1)
- <u>Programmer's Guide for OTX Hardware API</u> (Odin document # 1412-1-SAA-1006-1-1.0-P5)
- OTX T1/E1 Analyzer User's Guide (Odin document # 1412-1-SAA-1011-1)
- OTX T1/E1 Analyzer Installation Guide (Odin document # 1512-1-SAA-1011-1)



#### **9** Document History

Rev. 1.5 June, 21, 2010.

- Updated Chapters 5.2 and 5.3.
- Chapter 6 is divided on 3 sub chapters.
- Updated Chapter 7.2 Detailed Test using the OTX T1/E1 Analyzer in BERT Testing mode (for Win32/64 only).
- Changed history order.
- Added document links in 8 References.
- Updated some figures.
- Minor language modifications.

Rev. 1.4 June, 9, 2010.

- Added Figure 19 Line status (Li2-Li3 Loop Back).
- Updated Figure 20 Sending HDLC frame.
- Added a reference to T1/E1 Analyzer Installation Guide.

Rev. 1.3 June, 3, 2010.

• Updated Driver for Linux Based System Chapter 5.

Rev. 1.2 June, 2, 2010.

- Added a Warning about ESD in Chapter 3.
- Changed Chapter 4 title to "OTX Driver for Windows® Based Systems".
- Added Overall Stability Test Chapter 7.
- Added description and Figure 15 Example of OTX ExpressCard external link interface connections.
- Added a reference to T1/E1 Analyzer User's Guide.

Rev. 1.1 May, 31, 2010.

- Changed the title from "OTX Driver Installation Guide" to "OTX Driver Installation Guide (for OTX PCI, PCIe, PCMCIA, and ExpressCard Adapters)".
- Added the OTX Driver installation on OTX ExpressCard/54 adapters.
- Windows 98 and Windows NT4 are removed from Installation Guide as not supported.
- Deleted references at previous OTX PCI / PCMCIA Installation Guides.
- Added a warning concerning ExpressCard and PCMCIA HW Installation.
- Added links to OTX Windows / Linux Driver latest versions download page.

Rev. 1.0 May, 17, 2010 An Initial Version.

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# **10 Glossary**

- OTX Odin Telecom FrameworX
- PCI Peripheral Component Interconnect
- PCIe Peripheral Component Interconnect Express
- PCMCIA Personal Computer Memory Card International Association
- WDM Windows Driver Model
- HW Hardware